

Veterinary Services

Classification – measurement of
turnover – recommended approaches



Statistisk sentralbyrå
Statistics Norway

Country reports

- 19 out of 26 reporting countries had industry-level turnover collected
- Only 4 out of 26 reporting countries had industry-level prices calculated
- Experiences within collecting data at product level close to zero
- Experiences within measurement of prices was too limited to include it in a sector paper. Information, including classification and turnover aspects are anyway included in the presentation from these papers

Classification issues

NZSIOC level4	ISIC rev 4 NACE Rev 2	JSIC
MN114 – Veterinary and other professional services	M7500 – Veterinary activities	7411 Veterinary Services
MN114	M7420 – photographic activities	46.21, 74.61, 74.62, 79.93
MN114	M7490 – Other professional, scientific and technical activities n.e.c	72.51, 72.92, 7293, 72.99

Classification issues

- CPC (Rev 2) and CPA corresponds, having 3 products:
 - Veterinary Services for pet animals
 - Veterinary Services for livestock
 - Other Veterinary Service
- The NAPCS has another structure:
 - Veterinary services (petanimals and livestock aggregated?)
 - Non-medical services for household pets

Measurement of turnover

- **Short-term-statistics**
 - Monthly/quarterly datacollection. Monthly data are used for calculating quarterly (or annual) turnover (and monthly ISP). Survey, combination of survey/administrative data or only administrative data are used for collection of data
- **Annual statistics**

Survey or a combination of survey/adimistrative data is used. One country (Sweden) presented as well data at product level – showing that the dominating activity is within Veterinary Activities for pet animals .
- **Secondary activities.** One country mentioned that approximately 90 per cent of the turnover in ISIC 75 may be classified within Veterinary activities. In other countries – industry is dominated by small units. This structure decreases likelihood of significant secondary production

Recommended Approaches

- Following arguments is favor of only collecting administrative data for STS if the source has a satisfactory quality:
 - Clear boundaries towards other industries, stable population
 - Many small units – will reduce responseburden significant
 - Many small units – probably homogenous production
 - Insignificant part of GDP
- For yearly turnover statistics, a combination of survey and (if quality is satisfactory) and administrative data is recommended.